

### Council Information Session/Workshop MINUTES ATTACHMENTS

Tuesday 8 April 2025		
12.00 pm -2.30 pm		
Council Chambers, Civic Offices,		
53 Hereford Street, Christchurch		
Zoom Link: https://us02web.zoom.us/j/8305479561		
Meeting ID: 830 547 9561		
	12.00 pm -2.30 pm Council Chambers, Civic Offices, 53 Hereford Street, Christchurch Zoom Link: <u>https://us02web.zoom.us/j/8305479561</u>	

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# **Local Alcohol Policy**

**Engagement and Draft Policy** 

Council Information Session 8 April 2025



# Recap

## • Council, 5 February 2025

20. Local Alcohol Policy (LAP) - Update and Next Steps

Council Resolved CNCL/2025/00165

Officer Recommendations accepted without change

That the Council:

- 1. Receives the information in the Local Alcohol Policy (LAP) Update and Next Steps Report and attachments.
- 2. Notes that the decision in this report is assessed as high significance based on the Christchurch City Council's Significance and Engagement Policy.
- 3. Directs staff to continue work on the development of a draft Local Alcohol Policy to enable the Council to consider adopting a final version before the local elections in October 2025.
- 4. Directs staff to undertake pre-consultation engagement to inform the development of a draft Local Alcohol Policy.

Councillor McLellan/Councillor Peters

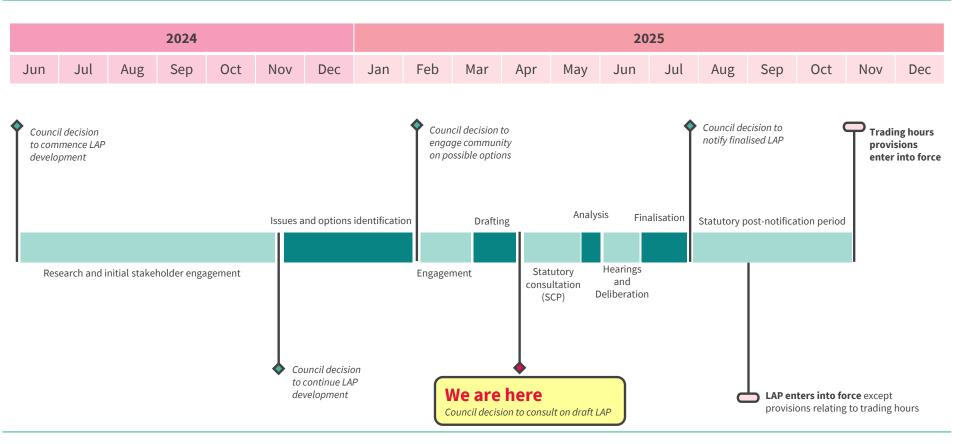
**Carried** 







# Timeline



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Christchurch



# How LAPs work

- When considering a licence application, the District Licensing Committee:
  - Must have regard to "any relevant local alcohol policy" (among other things)
  - May refuse to issue a licence if inconsistent with the LAP
- The District Licensing Committee:
  - Considers each application on a case-by-case basis
  - Has some discretion
- LAP can provide greater clarity for applicants, the community, and the District Licensing Committee.





# **Engagement on possible policy options**



**Public survey** on possible LAP options.



**Community Board** workshops

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Survey in field from **17 February** to **9 March** 



Mass marketing campaign, on-street surveyors, and stands and flyers at libraries/service centres



Survey link emailed to c.2,500 stakeholders and c.40,000 residents (research panel)



**16,726 views** of Kōrero mai | Let's Talk during engagement phase





# Who did we hear from?



**3,478** survey responses, *including* 



**107** submissions from organisations

**154** submissions

from licence holders



9.7% young people



**26** community groups



respondents from **across the city** 

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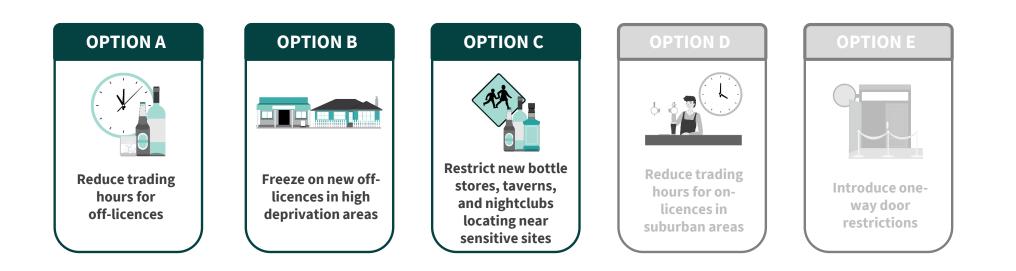
# **Our approach**

- Developed draft LAP having considered:
  - Statutory and other data
  - Community preferences
  - Stakeholder feedback
- Key considerations:
  - Objectives of the Act
  - Proportionality
  - Practicality
- When balancing these considerations, there is no 'perfect' policy.





# **Post-engagement policy options**



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## **Option A** Reduce trading hours for off-licences



Option ov	erview
Who?	• All off-licences.
What?	<ul> <li>Reduce maximum trading hours for off-licences:</li> <li>from 7am to 11pm (current)</li> <li>to 7am to 9pm</li> </ul>
Where?	District wide.
When?	• Three months after the LAP is notified.
Why?	• To reduce alcohol-related harm by restricting the accessibility of alcohol that can be purchased at night (after 9pm) for consumption in unsupervised drinking environments.



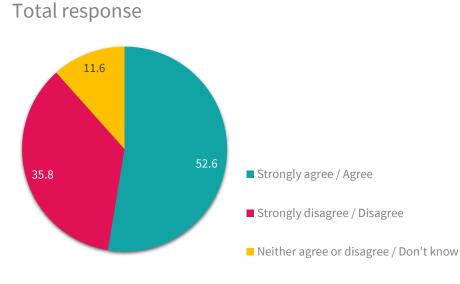


## **Option A** Reduce trading hours for off-licences

#### Analysis overview

- Some general community support for this option (small majority).
- Clear split of support before/after 9pm (c.50%).
- Many thought 10pm or no change.
- Simple and straightforward to apply.
- Key risks relate to potential impact on businesses.

AT A GLANCE	
Meets object of the Act?	Yes.
Aligns with community views?	Yes, generally.
Proportionate?	Yes.
Feasible?	Yes.







## **Option B** Freeze on new off-licences in high deprivation areas

OPTION B	Option ov	Option overview		
	Who?	• All <b>new</b> off-licences. However, an applicant can apply for an <b>exemption</b> if they can show in their application that the primary purpose of their business is not the sale and supply of alcohol.		
	What?	• Restrict <b>new</b> off-licences establishing in areas of high deprivation.		
reeze on new off- licences in high leprivation areas	Where?	• Areas measured as deprivation level 8-10 using the New Zealand Index of Socioeconomic Deprivation, which uses a scale between 1 (low) and 10 (high). <i>See map.</i>		
	When?	Immediately the LAP is brought into force.		
	Why?	• To minimise alcohol-related harm in high deprivation communities, which are disproportionately affected by alcohol-related harm, by halting further proliferation of off-licences servicing these communities.		

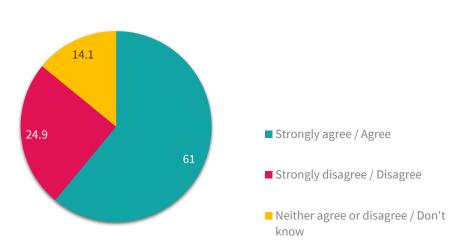


## **Option B** Freeze on new off-licences in high deprivation areas

#### Analysis overview

- Strong general community support for this option, including 41% who 'strongly agree'.
- Clear signal from community about which licence types the policy should apply to:
  - 68% bottle store, 52% small grocery, 47% specialty
  - 40% supermarkets, 38% tavern, 24% café, 18% restaurant
- Policy application inherently has some limitations and complexity.
- Key risks relate to potential impact on businesses.

AT A GLANCE	
Meets object of the Act?	Yes.
Aligns with community views?	Yes.
Proportionate?	Yes.
Feasible?	Yes.

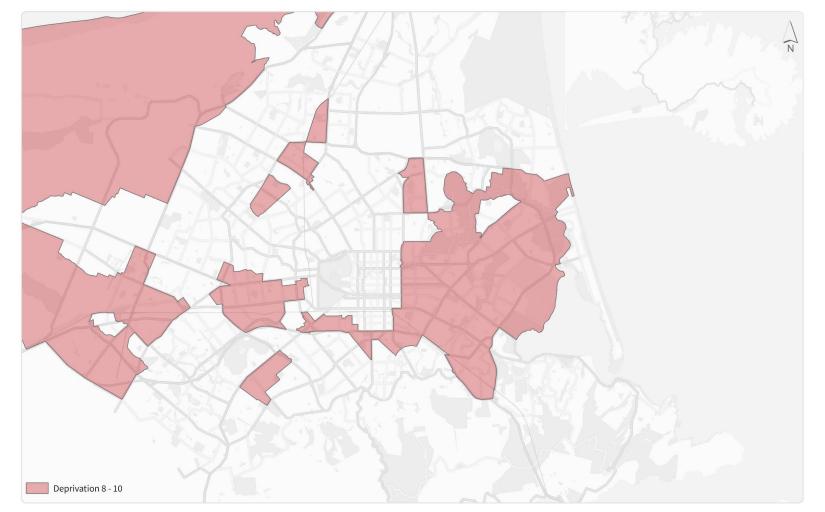


**Total response** 

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Local Alcohol Policy 2025 Option B: Freeze on New Off-Licenses in High Deprivation Areas





#### **Option C** Restrict new bottle stores, taverns, and nightclubs locating near sensitive sites



Who?	can demonstra	pres, taverns, and nightclubs, <b>except</b> where an applicar ate the premises can be managed in a way that nmunity concerns.
What?		premises types locating near primary and secondary ddiction treatment/ rehabilitation facilities.
Where?	• District wide <b>b</b>	<b>ut</b> different settings for Central City
	Area	<b>Restriction</b> Distance from sensitive site boundary
	Central City	Schools: 50m Addiction treatment/ rehabilitation facilities: 100m Exemption for the City Centre Zone.
	Rest of District	Schools: 200m Addiction treatment/rehabilitation facilities: 200m
When?	Immediately t	he LAP is brought into force
Why?		phol-related harm, and respond to community y minimising exposure to alcohol among possibly pulations.



## **Option C** Restrict new bottle stores, taverns, and nightclubs locating near sensitive sites

Total response

#### Analysis overview

- Strong general community support for this option (most supported and included 41% who 'strongly agree')
- Clear signal about which sites, licences, and distances.
- Shifts onus from the community to argue possible harm to applicant to demonstrate any harm can be mitigated.
- Policy application inherently has some limitations and complexity.
- Key risks relate to potential impact on businesses.

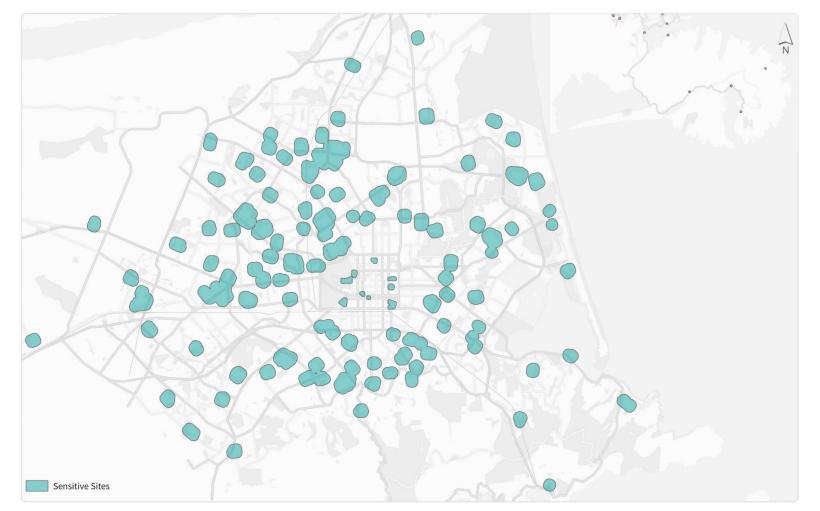
AT A GLANCE	
Meets object of the Act?	Yes.
Aligns with community views?	Yes.
Proportionate?	Yes, in relation to which sites and licences
Feasible?	Yes.

14.4	Strongly agree / Agree
18	Strongly disagree / Disagree
67.6	Neither agree or disagree / Don't know

Settings	Survey response / preference
Sites	Addiction/rehab (80%); Secondary school (69%); Primary school (69%); ECE (65%). Rest were 50% or below.
Distance	200m (83% for supporters of policy; 47% for opposers of policy – highest preference).
Venues/ Outlets	Bottle stores (90% and above); Pubs/taverns, night clubs (75% and above). Consistent results across all sites considered "sensitive".







Local Alcohol Policy 2025 Option C: Restrict New Bottle Stores, Taverns, and Nightclubs Locating Near Sensitive Sites





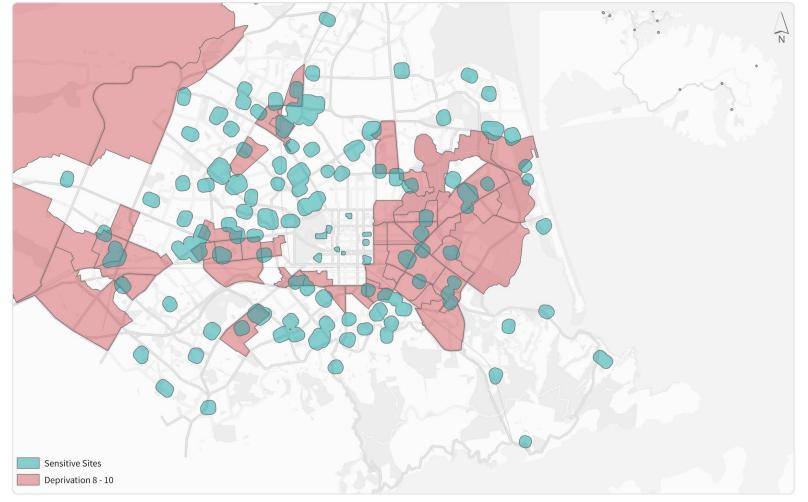
**Central City** 

Local Alcohol Policy 2025 Option C: Restrict New Bottle Stores, Taverns, and Nightclubs Locating Near Sensitive Sites





Spatial extent of Options B & C



Local Alcohol Policy 2025 Extent of Areas Affected by Freeze in High Deprivation Areas and Restrictions Around Sensitive Sites





# **Options not carried forward**

#### Summary

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Reduce trading hours for onlicences in suburban areas

- Some support (but least supported of all the options).
- Complex. Reflecting community responses would require different policies for different venue types.
- Key risks relate to complexity of policy and treating different venues differently to others.
  - Complexity and risks do not outweigh the potential benefits. Status quo (DLC can set hours on case-by-case basis) seems appropriate.



Introduce oneway door restrictions

#### Summary

- Some general community support, with 1am clear preference for those who support having a one-way-door policy.
- Straightforward to implement.
- Key risks relate to potential for unintended increase in unsupervised drinking, and not proportionately balancing objectives for central city vitality and nighttime economy.
- Consequences may outweigh potential benefits. Status quo (DLC can apply case-by-case) seems appropriate.

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## Where next?

	DIRECTION	OF TRAVE	L
IF NO (MAJ	IF NO (MAJOR) AMENDMENTS		1AJOR AMENDMENTS
Consultation Hearings Adoption	mid-April to mid-May early- to mid- June late July	Defer	Decisions to be taken in the next Council term
Entry into force	late August (late October for trading hours)		



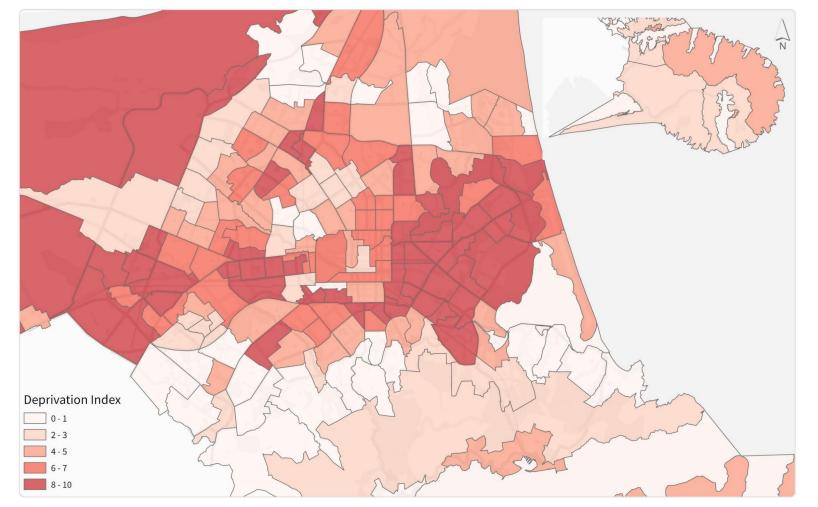






The following slides are not provided as part of the presentation but are attached as slides to assist with explanation, if required.

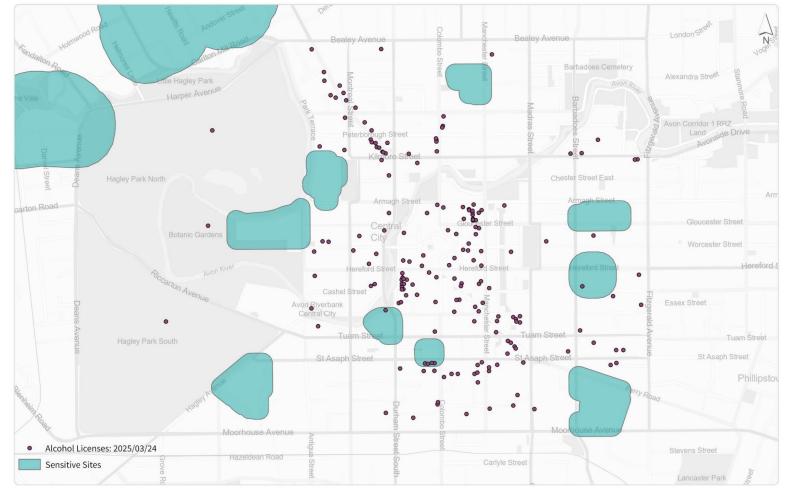




Local Alcohol Policy 2025 Option B: Freeze on New Off-Licenses in High Deprivation Areas







Local Alcohol Policy 2025 Option C: Restrict New Bottle Stores, Taverns, and Nightclubs Locating Near Sensitive Sites

